DALI-2 CS THP-AQ

Datasheet

Combi Sensor Modul

DALI-2 sensor module for measurement of:

motion light intensity temperature (T)

relative humidity (H) air pressure (P)

air quality (AQ)

Art. Nr. 86457786-AQ-W16

Detection range variants: -O Installation type variants: -ZD,-AP,-LE





DALI-2 Combi Sensor THP AQ Multifunctional Sensor Modul

Overview

- Sensor module for DALI and DALI-2 light control systems
- sensor module for measuring movement, light intensity, temperature (T), relative humidity (H), air pressure (P) and air quality (AQ)
- 4 operating modes:
 - o Movement triggered
 - Movement triggered with constant light control
 - Constant light control
 - Light control (4 thresholds)
- Additional threshold control for each of the sensor values: temperature (T), relative humidity (H), air pressure (P) and air quality (AQ)
- Operating modes can be changed via scenes and external DALI commands
- Corridor function second light level before off in case of absence
- Light threshold-controlled regulation for the control of blinds or roller blinds
- The module can be used as a DALI light controller or just as sensor unit for integration in building management systems
- Easy configuration via DALI-Cockpit Software Tool and Lunatone DALI USB interface.
- Multiple sensor modules can be installed within a DALI system.
- Configurable synchronisation of multiple DALI-2 CS modules to control the same effective range

- Supply via the DALI bus, no additional power supply needed
- Double terminals for easy installation
- Different colour variants: pure white (RAL9010), traffic white (RAL9016), and black.
- Optimized variants for different applications and detection areas (standard, office) available
- Version for integration in luminaires available Art. Nr. 86457786-AQ-LE
- Version DALI-2 CS THP-AQ Integration <u>https://www.lunatone.com/en/product/d</u> <u>ali-2-cs-integration-thp-aq/</u>
- Version DALI-2 CS Application Controller: <u>https://www.lunatone.com/en/product/d</u> <u>ali-2-cs/</u>
- Version DALI-2 CS Integration: <u>https://www.lunatone.com/en/product/d</u> <u>ali-2-cs-integration/</u>



Specification, Characteristics

type	DALI-2 CS THP-AQ				
application	St	tandard	offi	ce	
article number	86	5457786	86457786 -O		
	86457786 -AQ		86457786	5 -AQ-O	
electrical data					
supply	via	DALI signal line (DALI-	voltage according IEC	62386)	
marking terminals		DA	A, DA		
typical current consumption DALI		3.	5 mA		
power consumption		<10	0mW		
control		Di	ALI-2		
insulation data					
impulse voltage category			11		
pollution degree			2		
rated insulation voltage		2	50V		
rated impulse withstanding voltage			1kV		
insulation DALI/housing		reinforce	ed isolation		
insulation test voltage			00Vac		
in the last distance					
environmental conditions storing and transportation					
temperature		-20°C	+70°C		
operational ambient temperature	-20°C +60°C				
rel. humidity, none condensing	15% 90%				
technical data			1		
Motion Detection (62386 -303) principle		PIR	PIR		
detection range (at >8°C					
temperature difference)		12m	3m /2.3m		
typical mounting height		8m	3m		
detection zones		92	36 / 48		
horizontal		±51°	±44°/±90°		
vertical		±46°	±44°/±90°		
min. temperature difference		>4°C	>4°C		
details			Figure. 2,	page 8	
light sensor (62386-304)	range: 0-2046lux (11bit), resolution: 1lux events: 0-2046lux(10bit), resolution: 2lux				
temperature sensor				<u> </u>	
(62386-103)		range: -20°C 80	°C, resolution: 0,1°C		
humidity sensor (62386-103)		range: 0% 100	%, resolution: 0,1%		
Air pressure sensor		range: 300hPa 110	00hPa, resolution: 1hF	Pa	
(62386-103)		range: 0 50	00, resolution: 1		
	index	air quality	index	air quality	
air quality sensor	0 - 50	excellent	201 – 250	heavily polluted	
(62386-103)	51-100	good	251 - 350	severely polluted	
	101 - 150 151 - 200	lightly polluted moderately polluted	> 351	extremely polluted	

range: 0ppm ... 8000ppm, resolution: 10ppm

aCO2 concer (CO2 aquivalant)	ppm	air quality	ppm	air quality
eCO2 sensor (CO2 equivalent)	0 - 350	excellent	1501 -2500	heavily polluted
(62386-103)	351-700	good	2501-5000	severely polluted
	701 - 1000	lightly polluted	5001-8000	extremely polluted
	1001 – 1500	moderately polluted		

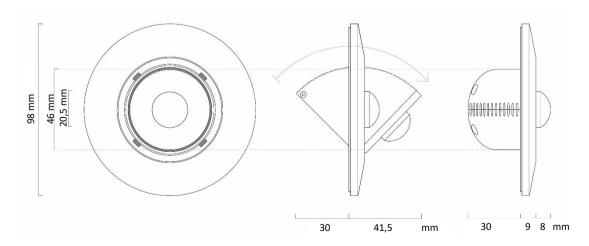
general data	
protection class	II in intended use
protection degree terminals	IP20
Protection degree housing	IP40
mounting	back box – dimensions see below surface mounted (article number extension "-AP") – dimensions below suspended ceiling (article number extension "-ZD") – dimensions below
available colours	RAL9016 (Black and RAL9010 on request)
DALI-2 functionality	application controller and instances

terminals

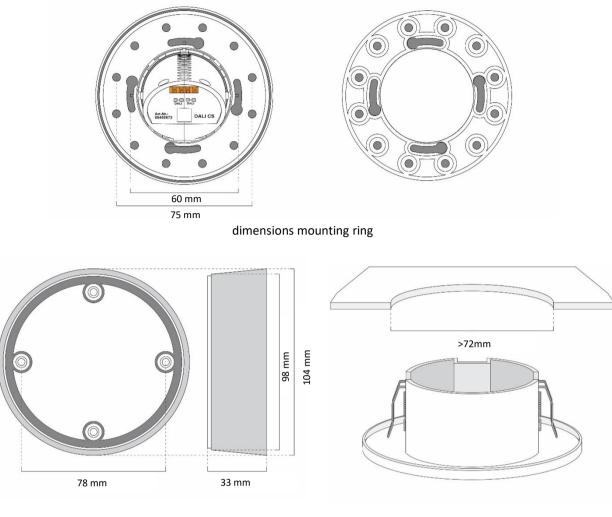
connection type	spring terminal connector
wire size solid core	0,5 1,5 mm² (AWG20 AWG16)
wire size fine wired	0,5 1,5 mm² (AWG20 AWG16)
wire size using wire end ferrule	0,25 1,5 mm ²
stripping length	8,5 9,5 mm / 0,33 0,37 inch

standards

EMC	EN 61547
	EN 55015
safety	EN 61347-2-11
	EN 61347-1
markings	DALI-2, CE



dimensions and space requirements



surface mounting dimensions accessory article number addition "-AP"

suspended ceiling dimensions mounting hole diameter article number addition "-ZD"

Specification, Characteristics - Version Luminaire installation

type	DALI-2 CS THP-AQ Luminaire installation	
article number	86457786-AQ-LE	
electrical data		
supply	via DALI signal line (DALI-voltage according IEC62386)	
marking terminals	-	
typical current consumption DALI	< 3.5 mA	
power consumption	<100mW	
control	DALI-2	
insulation data		
impulse voltage category	II	
pollution degree	2	
rated insulation voltage	250V	
rated impulse withstanding voltage	4kV	

DALI-2 CS THP AQ, Datasheet

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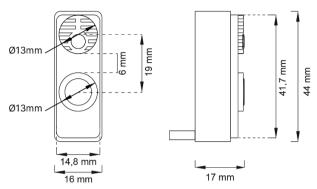
insulation DALI/housing	reinforced isolation			
insulation test voltage	3000Vac			
environmental conditions				
storing and transportation temperature		-20°C +	⊦70°C	
operational ambient temperature		-20°C +	+60°C	
rel. humidity, none condensing		15% 9	90%	
technical data				
Motion Detection (62386 -303)				
principle		PIR		
detection range (at >8°C temperature difference)		7m		
typical mounting height		3m		
detection zones		32		
horizontal		±45°		
vertical		±45°	5	
min. temperature difference		>4°(2	
details		Figure. 3,	page 8	
light sensor (62386-304)	range: 0-2046lux (11bit), resolution: 1lux event: 0-2046lux(10bit), resolution: 2lux			
temperature sensor (62386-103)	range: -20°C 80°C, resolution: 0,1°C			
humidity sensor (62386-302)	range: 0% 100%, resolution: 0,1%			
Air pressure sensor (62386-103)	range: 300hPa 1100hPa, resolution: 1hPa			
	range: 0 500, resolution: 1			
air gualitu concor	index	air quality	index	air quality
air quality sensor (62386-103)	0 - 50	Excellent	201 – 250	heavily polluted
(02380-103)	51-100	Good	251 -350	severely polluted
	101 - 150 151 - 200	lightly polluted moderately polluted	> 351	extremely polluted
	131 - 200	range: 0ppm 8000ppn	n, resolution: 10p	pm
eCO2 sensor (CO2 equivalent)	ppm 0 - 350	air quality excellent	ppm 1501 -2500	air quality heavily polluted
(62386-103)	351-700	good	2501-5000	severely polluted
	701 - 1000	lightly polluted	5001-8000	extremely polluted
	1001 - 1500	moderately polluted		

|--|

protection class	II in intended use
protection degree terminals	IP20
protection degree housing	IP40
mounting	Luminaire installation – dimensions see below
available colours	black
	RAL9016 (article number extension "–W16")
DALI-2 functionality	Application Controller und Instanzen

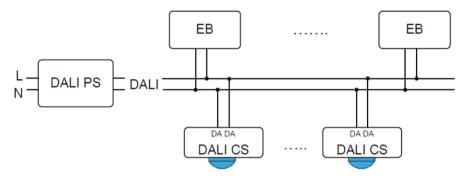
standards

EMC	EN 61547, EN 55015
safety	EN 61347-2-11, EN 61347-1
markings	DALI-2, CE



dimensions and space requirements - luminaire installation- article number extension "-LE"

Application example



typical application: several sensors on one DALI-line

Sensor types

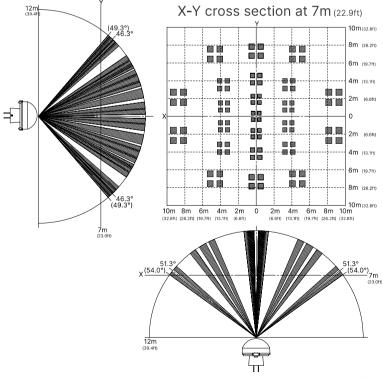


Figure. 1 **CS: Standard** motion detection (Art. Nr.: 86457786 -AQ) Detection area: X-Y cross section at 7m

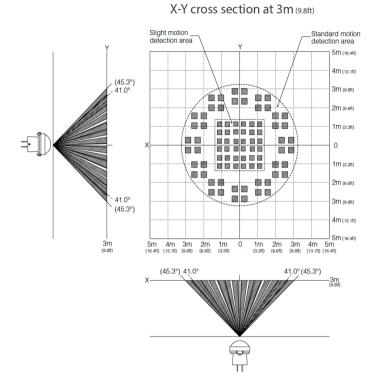


Figure. 2 CS-O: Office motion detection (Art. Nr.: 86457786 -AQ-O) Detection area: X-Y cross section at 3m - The rectangular centre zone is optimized for detecting smallest movements.

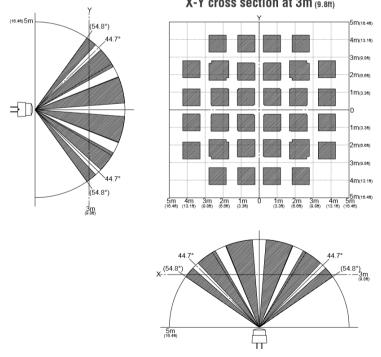


Figure. 3 CS-LE: luminaire installation: motion detection (Art. Nr.: 86457786 -AQ-LE) Detection area: X-Y cross section at 3m.

X-Y cross section at 3m (9.8ft)

Factory Setting

For simple applications the factory settings are sufficient. The device configuration can be changed via the <u>DALI Cockpit</u> and adapted to the current application.

DALI-2 Settings	Application Controller – Master Mode
Operating Mode	Motion detection without constant light
	control, an external ON command
	deactivates motion detection until the
	next external OFF command
Effective range	Broadcast
ON command (1)	Recall Max
Hold Time (2)	10min
Absence value (3)	none
Hold Time Absence (4)	Os
OFF command (5)	Off
On command threshold	none
Bright Out threshold	none
Power Up behaviour	no action
Constant light control (CLC)	inactive
threshold control temperatur	inactive
threshold control humidity	inactive
threshold control air pressure	inactive
threshold control air quality (version -AQ)	inactive
Front-LED (motion indication)	active
Event messages	
instance 0 - motion	inactive
instance 1 - light	inactive
instance 2 - temperature	inactive
instance 3 - humidity	inactive
instance 4 - air pressure	inactive
instance 5 - air quality	inactive
instance 6 - eCO2	inactive

Instance general settings

The following instance settings are the delivery default and are necessary in combination with a DALI-2 CS Master. In combination with a central control unit, the specifications of the central control unit need to be followed (especially with regard to the event schema).

Instance No. 0 – Motion:

Event messages	active
Event scheme	device addressing
Event filter	Occupied
	Vacant
Deat time	0.00 sec
Report time	not applicable
Hold time	1 sec

Instance No. 1– light:

active
device addressing
illuminance level
0.8 sec

Report time	unused
Hysteresis Min	5 Lux
Hysteresis	5 %

Instance No. 2 – Temperature Instance No. 3 – Luftfeutchtigkeit Instance No. 4 – Luftdruck		
Instance No. 5 – Luftqualität Instance No. 6 – eCO2:		
Event messages	inactive	
Event scheme	device addressing	
Event filter	sensor value	
Deat time	1.5 sec	
Report time	unused	
Hysteresis Min	2 (°C/%/hPa/)	
Event messages 5 %		

For general information on DALI instances see also the "DALI-2 Instance guide".

Installation

- the DALI-2 CS is directly connected and supplied by the DALI bus. A general DALI bus power supply is required.
- The connection to the DALI terminals can be made regardless of polarity.
- The terminals are suitable for wire crosssections ranging from 0.5 mm² to 1.5 mm².
- back box mounting: installation of the mounting ring directly on the back box. The housing is then simply plugged onto to the mounting ring. The recessed head has sufficient space within the electrical installation box enabling a completely flat installation.
- The CS Module enables alignment to the desired detection area through 360 ° axial rotation and vertical inclination of up to 40°.
- For mounting the sensor on cavity walls or suspended ceilings a version including additional fixtures with spring-clips is available: article number extension "-ZD".
- Version for surface mounting is available: article number extension "-AP".

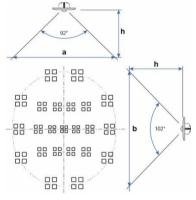
- Version integration in luminaires is available (Art.Nr.: 86457786 -LE, Art.Nr.: 86457786 -AQ-LE)
- The wiring should be carried out as a permanent installation in a dry and clean environment.
- Installation may only be carried out in a voltage-free state of the system and by qualified specialists.
- National regulations for setting up electrical systems must be followed.
- The DALI wiring can be realized with standard low-voltage installation material. No special cables are required.
- Only 1 wire may be connected to each terminal. When using double wire end ferrules, the connection capacity of the terminal must be considered.
- Attention: The DALI-signal is not classified as SELV circuit (Safety Extra Low Voltage). Therefore, the installation regulations for low voltage apply.
- Note: The cross section: the voltage drop on the DALI line must not exceed 2V at maximum length (300m) and maximum bus load (250mA).

Presence Detection

For movement detection a temperature difference between the moving object and environment of at least 4°C is required. Heat sources such as copiers or heaters may have a negative influence on motion detection.

Presence Detection (Standard)

The applied PIR method allows coverage of relatively large areas using only one sensor head. With opening angles of 92° and 102° and a sensor mounted at a height of 5 meters the 92 detection zones cover an area of more than 100m². The distance between sensor and the object of interest should be less than 12 meters, which limits the mounting height to about 8m. See Figure. 1, page 7 and Table 1 below.



h [m]	a [m]	b [m]	A [m2]
2,50	5,2	6,2	25,1
2,7	5,6	6,7	29,3
3,0	6,2	7,4	36,2
3,5	7,2	8,6	49,2
4,0	8,3	9,9	64,3
5,0	10,4	12,3	100,4
6,0	12,4	14,8	144,6
8,0	16.6	19,8	257,1

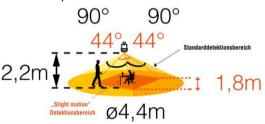
Table 1 CS-Standard: relation of mounting height and detection area

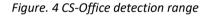
Presence Detection CS-O

Suitable for office application where detection of slight motion is required e.g. detection of arm movement of a sitting person. The DALI CS-O is tailored to this application and has a sensitive "inner area" and a standard detection "outer area". The maximum mounting height is about 3m. See Figure. 2, page 8.

The rectangular central zone is optimized for detection of the slightest motion. The area has an opening angle of 44 ° x 44 ° and 36 detection zones. With a mounting height of e.g. 2.2m, an area of 3.24 m² can be covered, see Figure. 4 and Table 2.

The outer standard motion detection zone has an opening angle of 90 $^{\circ}$ x 90 $^{\circ}$ and 48 detection zones. With a mounting height of e.g. 2.2m, an area of 15.2m² can be covered. (see Table 2).





	Standard Detection area			-	motion ion area
h [m]	a [m]	b [m]	A1 [m²]	l [m]	A2 [m²]
2,0	4	4	12,5	1,6	2,56
2,2	4,4	4,4	15,2	1,8	3,24
2,5	5	5	19,6	2	4
3,0	6	6	28,2	2,4	5,76

Table 2 CS-Office: relation of mounting height and detection area

The recommended mounting height is 3m. The distance between the sensor and the object to detect should not be greater than 3.1m.

Presence Detection CS-LE

Der DALI-2 CS-LE has a PIR lens with opening angles of 110°x 110° und 32 detection zones. With a typical mounting height of 3m, over 25m2 of surface can be covered, see Figure. 3, page 8. The distance between the sensor and the object to be detected should be a maximum of 5m.

Cycle of Motion Detection

The motion detection is always processed according to the following sequence:

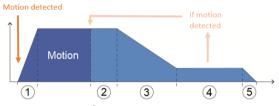


Figure. 5 motion/presence detection sequence

States:

1: 1st light level (with defined fade time)
 2: Hold Time (for 1st light level)
 3: 2nd light level (with defined fade time)
 4: 2nd Hold Time (for 2nd light level)
 5: off state (fade out)

When motion is detected the sensor switches to the configured light level (1). While further motion is detected or the hold time is running (2) the light level stays on – either on a fix light level or controlled by a constant light control algorithm.

If no further motion was detected, the count down of the 1st hold time starts (2). After the hold time elapsed the sensor changes to the 2nd light level (3) for a defined time (4). This 2nd light level is a user defined value (no constant light control). If motion is detected in this state, the sensor switches to the first light level (1). In case no further motion is detected the Off command (5) is sent after the 2nd hold time (4) elapsed. HINT: set the "absence level" to a low value, otherwise it could be higher than the light level set by the constant light control.

Light Sensor

All DALI-2 CS versions also include a light sensor. The light sensor measures the reflected illuminance in a range from 0 to 2047 lux. The resolution is 1lux for DALI events and 2 lux for DALI queries.

The incident light is rated by the spectral sensitivity of the human eye and thus comparable to the subjective visual perception of brightness.

The incident light is accumulated over the area covered by the lens and can be interpreted as average value in the detection area. A reference to the reflecting surface below the sensor can be established with the help of a reference measurement and adjustable offset value.

Temperature

The current air temperature (°C) is measured by the sensor and can either be used for threshold control (see section "Threshold control THP-AQ"), queried using a "Query" command or can be automatically provided by the sensor using an event(see section Instance 2: Temperature). The measuring range is -20°C ... 80°C. with a resolution of 0.1°C.

Humidity

The current relative humidity (%) is measured by the sensor and can either be used for threshold control (see section "Threshold control THP-AQ"), queried using a "Query" command or can be automatically provided by the sensor using an event (see section Instance 3: Humidity). The measuring range is 0% ... 100% with a resolution of 0.1%.

Air pressure

The current air pressure (hPa) is measured by the sensor and can either be used for threshold control (see section "Threshold control THP-AQ"), queried using a "Query" command or can be automatically provided by the sensor using an event(see section Instance 4: air pressure). The measuring range is 300hPa ... 1100hPa with a resolution of 1hPa.

Air quality

The sensor measures the air quality based on the proportion of existing air pollution. The air quality is shown as an index, ranging from 0 ... 500. The following Table 3 describes the relationship between the index and air quality:

Table 3 Air quality index

Index	Air quality	
0 - 50	Excellent	
51 - 100	Good	
101 - 150	Lightly polluted	
151 - 200	Moderately polluted	
201 - 250	Heavily polluted	
251 - 350	Severely polluted	
>351	Extremely polluted	

Table 5 describes the possible impact and suggested counter measures in case of poor air quality.

The current air quality value can either be used for threshold control (see section

"Threshold control THP-AQ"), queried using a "Query" command or can be automatically provided by the sensor using an event(see section Instance 5: air quality).

eCO2 – CO2 equivalent Version: CS THP-AQ

The sensor measures the air quality based on the proportion of existing air pollution. From the measured value the CO2 equivalent can be calculated: eCO2 value, ranging from 0ppm ... 8000ppm. The following Table 4 describes the relationship between the eCO2 value and air quality

Table	4 eCO2	2 value

eCO2 (ppm)	air quality	
0 - 350	Excellent	
351 - 700	Good	
701 - 1000	Lightly polluted	
1001 - 1500	Moderately polluted	
1501 - 2500	Heavily polluted	
2501 - 5000	Severely polluted	
5001 - 8000	Extremely polluted	

Table 5 describes the possible impact and suggested counter measures in case of poor air quality.

Index	eCO2 (ppm)	Impact (long-term exposure)	Suggested action
0 - 50	0 - 350	Pure air; best for well-being	No measures needed
51 - 100	351 - 700	No irritation or impact on well-being	No measures needed
101 - 150	701 - 1000	Reduction of well-being possible	Ventilation suggested
151 - 200	1001 - 1500	More significant irritation possible	Increase ventilation with clean air
201 - 250	1501 - 2500	Exposition might lead to effects like	optimize ventilation
		headache depending on type of	
		pollution	
251 - 350	2501 - 5000	More severe health issue possible if	Contamination should be identified if
		harmful substances are present	level is reached even w/o presence
			of people; maximize ventilation &
			reduce attendance
>351	5001 - 8000	Headaches, additional neurotoxic	Contamination needs to be
		effects possible	identified; avoid presence in room
			and maximize ventilation

Table 5 impact and suggested action for different air quality index

Functionality

It is necessary to distinguish between application controller and DALI-2 instances.

The **application controller** gives direct DALI control commands that are immediately executed by the DALI drivers.

DALI-2 instances generate event messages that are interpreted and processed by higherlevel control units with DALI connection (e.g. DALI-2 CS in Master Mode, WAGO, Beckhoff, LUNATONE DALI-2 KNX gateway). General information on the DALI-2 instance mode: <u>https://www.lunatone.com/wpcontent/uploads/2021/10/DALI-2 Instance-Guide EN M0024.pdf</u>)

Configuration of instances is described in section: "Instances: General" on page 26.

The **DALI-2 CS THP (AQ)** can be used as either an application controller: *Master Mode*, or in instance mode: *Slave Mode*. For the application controller all operating modes and setting options described in the document are available.

A version of the DALI-2 CS THP (AQ) without application controller is also available, see DALI-2 CS THP AQ Integration

Operating Modes

The DALI-2 CS module offers 4 different operating modes: motion control, motion control with constant light control, sole constant light control light control via light thresholds.

External commands can also be used to influence the operating behaviour of the sensor (e.g. when operated via another control device). The reaction to external commands is explained in detail for each operating mode.

Operating Mode 1 – motion control

• Movement activates a fixed light level

If movement is detected the time sequence is activated with a user defined fixed light level in State 2 (see Figure. 5 "Motion detection: sequence" on page 12). The light level stays active until no more movement is detected and the hold time has elapsed. Then the light level will be switched to the 2nd user defined light level.

Additional threshold values can be defined, such that the motion control is only active above or below this defined threshold. The operating behaviour can be influenced by

external on / off / dimming and scene commands. The options for each command are described on page 21

Operating Mode 2 – motion control with constant light control

- Movement activates constant light control
- 2nd light level is user defined and constant

If movement is detected the time sequence is activated with constant light control in State 2 (see figure "Motion detection: sequence" on page 12). The constant light control stays active until no more movement is detected and the "Hold On Time" has expired. Then the light level will be switched to the 2nd light value, which is a fixed user defined value. Additional threshold values can be defined: such that the motion and light control is only active above or below this defined threshold. The operating behaviour can be influenced by external on / off / dimming and scene commands. The options for each command are described on page 21

Operating Mode 3 – constant light control

- Constant light Control
- No motion detection

In this operating mode, only the light sensor is used; motion detection is inactive. The constant light control can be switched on and off with DALI commands (e.g. from a control device such as a DALI light switch). The operating behaviour can be influenced by external on / off / dimming and scene commands. The options for each command are described on page 24.

Operating Mode 4 – light threshold control

- Light control via light thresholds
- No motion detection

Only the light sensor is used in this operating mode. Both motion detection and constant light control are inactive. 4 light thresholds can be defined which trigger a DALI command on either falling below or exceeding the threshold. 2 of the 4 thresholds can be used to send commands repeatedly. The commands are sent at a user-defined interval until the threshold condition is no longer met. The operating behaviour can be influenced by external scene commands. The options are described on page 24.

Additional Functionality

Response to external DALI commands

The behaviour of the control in the event of external commands (e.g. by a switch) can be configured with the DALI cockpit. Depending on the operating mode, different behaviours are possible. The options are described later in the document.

The following commands sent to the same external control address are interpreted as an **ON command**:

RECALL MAX RECALL MIN ON AND STEP UP DAP>0% GOTO SCENE X (if the command was configured to be interpreted as an ON command for the CS)

The following commands sent to the external control address are interpreted as an **OFF command**:

OFF DAP=0 GOTO SCENE X (if configured to be interpreted as an OFF command for the CS)

Dimming commands: In addition, it can be specified how the motion control or light control should behave when manual dimming commands (UP/DOWN) to the external control address occurs.

On and Bright Out threshold

The motion sensor function can be adapted to the ambient light behaviour with the help of the On- and Off-Threshold.

ON Command threshold: The motion detection sequence can be started independent from the actual light level (default) or if the light level is above or below the OnCmd-threshold.

For a running motion sequence the presence detection – retriggering the sequence on

motion - can either be set independent from the actual light level or only if the light level is below the **Bright out threshold**.

Bright out- Application example: Car Park lighting, that is set ON during the night (if measured light level < 70lux) but should not be kept ON during the day even though there might be constant detection of motion.

Power-On behaviour

It is possible to configure a start-up command to achieve a defined operating state after power on (return of the bus voltage). The start-up command can either be a DALIcommand or a fast run of the motion detection sequence.

Multiple sensors controlling one area

To allow several sensors to control the same effective range (e.g. a corridor with sensors on each end), one of the sensors needs to be defined as master, while the others can be assigned to it to deliver their sensor values. In the DALI Cockpit software (tab: "Synchronisation") these sensor addresses for motion detection and sensor addresses for light detection can be specified. Backward compatibility for older generation CS is made possible by the option "Backward compatibility with eDALI CS". Definition of the same effective range (target address 1) automatically synchronizes older generation sensors. The parameters of the sensors should be coordinated, especially the hold on times.

Configuration in the DALI Cockpit

The addressing and configuration of the DALI CS can be done easily with the help of the <u>DALI Cockpit</u> software tool and a suitable interface module (<u>DALI-2 USB</u>; <u>DALI USB</u>, <u>DALI-2</u> <u>2 WLAN</u>, <u>DALI-2 Display</u>, <u>DALI-2 IoT</u>, <u>DALI 4Net</u>, <u>DALI SCI RS232</u>).

After an address has been assigned the parameters can be configured to fit the application.

The spatial allocation of each sensor can be done by selection of the "localize" check box in the DALI Cockpit. This will lead to flashing of the red LED of the currently selected sensor.



Configuration of the sensor is possible with the settings of the different tabs, explained in detailed on the following pages.

Tab: "General" – Sensor Operating Mode:

Selection of the fundamental configuration is made on the "General" tab, see Figure. 6. The sensor can be set to Master or Slave Mode. In *Master-Mode*, the DALI-2 CS takes over control according to the subsequently selected operating mode. The DALI-2 CS *Master* is an **application controller** and gives direct DALI control commands that are immediately executed by the DALI gears. In *Slave-Mode*, the DALI-2 CS is in **instance mode** and does not send any control commands. Instead, the DALI-2 instances generate event messages that are interpreted and processed by a DALI-2 CS in *Master* mode or by higher-level DALI control unit.

General Instances Effective Range Synchronization Motion Control	Adjustable behaviour on DALI Reset Command: Reset to factory default values, reset to DALI Standard values, or ignore the reset command
Device Description Parameters are Standard value	change
DALI-2 CS General Properties	If movement is detected, the red LED on the sensor lights up.
DALI-2 Control Device Parameters	Backwards compatibility to enable synchronization of motion detection with 1st generation CS.
Power cycle notification Enable (2) ▲ Membership in Groups for DALI-2 Controls 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Control devices can be assigned to Instance groups. The assignment applies to the light sensor and the motion detector instance simultaneously.
Sensor Mode • Master-Mode: Application Controller enabled (i) • Slave-Mode: Event Messages enabled (i)	In master mode – as an application controller , the device takes over the control depending on the operating mode.
Operating Mode Motion control Motion control with constant light control	In slave mode - instance mode, the DALI-2 CS sends event messages with the measured sensor values, these can be evaluated by a DALI-2 CS master.
 Light threshold sensor control Constant Light Control 	Operating mode: Selection between the four different operating modes of the application controller Description of the operating modes see section "Operating modes" on page 14

Figure. 6 Tab: "General" – sensor mode, operating mode

Tab: "Effective range" - effective range,

external control and power-up behaviour See Figure. 7. On this tab the effective range of is defined: which DALI-gears are controlled by the CS. In addition, external control addresses can be defined, which the CS also monitors. The behaviour of the CS in case of other control units sending commands to these addresses can be defined. This way, manual control of lights via a switch can be realised, without interference of the motion detection or constant light control.

General Instances Effective Range destination address 0: none	Synchronization Motion C	Effective Range: the CS can send commands to up to four destination addresses at the same time (devices, groups or broadcast). This setting is used in every operating mode
1: none 2: none 3: none external control addresses (i) 0: none	~ · ·	The external control addresses determine which addresses are monitored by the CS. The behaviour of the CS in the case of external commands (e.g. from a light switch) to these addresses can be defined
1: none 2: none 3: none Behavior in case of external comm		The behaviour in case of an external on / off and dimming commands (e.g. from a light switch) can be defined. Different options are available depending on the operating mode - see page 21 and page 24.
external ON Commands external OFF commands external Dimming	s no influence on sensor behavior	
Power Up no action Send command	~	defines how the CS behaves during power up: no action, sending a defined command or in operating mode with motion detection: triggering a motion sequence
○ Simulate Movement – Sequer		

Figure. 7 Tab: "Effective Range" – destination address and external control address

Tab: "Synchronization" – sensor input

See Figure. 8. To include other sensor measurements into the evaluation, additional DALI-2 CS can be selected as sensor inputs. The selected DALI-2 CS are automatically set to slave mode by the currently configured DALI-2 CS (Master). Depending on the operating mode, different sensors input for each sensor-functionality can be defined. for "Motion detection": input for movement, input for light thresholds for "Motion detection with constant light control": input for movement, input for light thresholds, input for constant light control for "Constant light control": input for constant light control for "Light control": input for light thresholds.

C I I I I I I I D Construction II	
	These DALI addresses define which other sensors are evaluated for motion
	 These DALI addresses define which of the sensors are evaluated for constant light control. In order to measure the brightness in the room, sensors are required that support instance type 4 (304). Up to 8 inputs can be defined. Nr. 0 is always the current CS itself (<i>Master</i>), all other input sensors are set to <i>Slave Mode</i>.
	 These DALI addresses define which other sensors are involved in lighting control. In order to measure the brightness in the room, sensors are required that support instance type 4 (304). Up to 8 inputs can be defined. Nr. 0 is always the current CS itself (<i>Master</i>), all other input sensors are set to <i>Slave Mode</i>.
Light sensor calibration	With the "Sensor Evaluation Mode" it can be defined, whether a maximum, minimum or mean value of the various sensor values is used for the evaluation.
light value offset: 0 Lux Set Cancel	via the <i>"light sensor calibration"</i> , the currently measured light value can be read out and if necessary, adjusted with an offset value.

Figure. 8 Tab: "Synchronization" - sensor inputs for measurement evaluation

Tab: "Motion Control"

See Figure. 9, in this tab, the times and light levels of the motion detection sequence, that is triggered by movement, can be defined. As

well as the light thresholds to activate the motion detection depending on the lighting conditions. (operating mode description see page 14 and page 15)

General Instances Effective Range Synchronization Motion Control Behavior on movement	Current Lig	nt Level 🔅	Display of the currently measured light values of the defined sensor input as a reference.
Sequence Movement State Transition state Tran	5.	sequ (4)) cont moc The sele REC ACT The as cr (3): REC The for t	ings for the motion detection Jence - (light levels, hold times (2) / with settings for constant light crol depending on the operating le. following commands can be cted as ON commands (1) : DAP, ALL MAX, RECALL MIN, GOTO LAST IVE LEVEL, GOTO SCENE X; following commands are available pommands for the 2nd light value no action, DAP, RECALL MAX, ALL MIN, GOTO SCENE X; following commands are available he OFF command (5) : DAP, OFF, O SCENE X;
Vacant State 5. Off Command OFF Light thresholds © Commands are independent of light level Only send Commands if light value > threshold value Only send Commands if light value < threshold value		adjustable active abc Adjustable	and switch-off threshold : whether the motion detection is we or below a threshold value threshold and width of the (value range: 0 1020Lux (step ux)).
Only send commands in light value < threshold value	the mo mover Applice detect the ser	otion sequ nent . ation exan ion at daw	nold: if this threshold is exceeded ence is no longer retriggered on nple: Parking lot - Ending the motion on (crossing of threshold), although rently in the movement state and ected.
Scene 0 v no action v Scene 1 v no action v Scene 2 v no action v Scene 3 v no action v	config destina	uration cai ation addr	native behaviour to the main n be activated (e.g. alternative ess). Different options are available e operating mode - see page 21

Figure. 9 Tab: "motion detection control"

Motion Control - Behaviour with external commands

The operating behaviour can be influenced by external commands (e.g. from a DALI-switch).

In the Cockpit tab "Effective range", the behaviour of the sensor on ON- / OFF- and dimming commands, sent to the 4 configurable "external control addresses", can be defined.

Additionally, the operating behaviour of the sensor can be changed with scene commands, via the tab "Motion detection" -section: Variable Operating Behaviour.

The following settings are available:

Operating mode 1 – motion detection

An external ON command

No influence: the ON command is ignored by the CS. The CS continues to carry out the control as configured

External control: motion control is deactivated (The CS does not send any DALI commands), until manually reactivated by an external OFF command.

Simulate movement: start the Motion Detection Sequence (Figure. 5, page 12)

An external **OFF command**

No influence: the OFF command is ignored by the CS. The CS continues to carry out the control as configured

Waiting for motion: change to State 5 and then to OFF state (state 7, Figure. 5),

motion detection active - waiting for motion

Disable sensor control: change to state 5 and then to OFF state (state 7, Figure. 5), the motion detection is deactivated until reactivated by an ON command.

an external **DIMMING command:**

No influence: the DIMMING command is ignored by the CS. The CS continues to carry out the control as configured

External control: motion control is deactivated (The CS does not send any DALI commands), until manually reactivated by an external OFF command.

Change light level until end of sequence: the On command light level (State 2, Figure. 5) is changed by dimming. The new light level is retained for the current movement detection sequence

Variable Operating Behaviour -An external SCENE command

No action: the SCENE command is ignored by the CS.

Reset to Default: The CS is set to the basic configuration, all previously forced changes to the operating behaviour are terminated.

Alternative destinations: An alternative destination address (user defined) is used instead of the configured standard destination.

Alternative ON Command Light Level DAP: Instead of the currently configured DALI command, a user defined DAP value is used in state 2 (Motion Detection Sequence Figure. 5).

Alternative ON Command SCENE: Instead of the currently configured DALI command, a user defined Scene is used in state 2 (Motion Detection Sequence Figure. 5).

Waiting for motion: go to State 5 and then to OFF state (state 7, Figure. 5),. motion detection active - waiting for motion

Operating Mode 2 – motion detection with constant light control

An external **ON command**

No Influence: the ON command is ignored by the CS. The CS continues to carry out the control as configured

External control: Constant light control and motion control are deactivated (The CS does not send any DALI commands). until they are reactivated by an external OFF command.

Simulate movement: start the Motion Detection Sequence (Figure. 5, page 12)

Simulate movement without constant light control: Starts the motion detection sequence (State 1, Figure. 5) and deactivates the constant light control. The sent ON command is executed instead of constant light control. The constant light control is temporarily deactivated until the OFF-state (state 7, Figure. 5) is reached.

Constant Light Control: The motion detection is deactivated and constant light control is

permanently active until it is cancelled by an OFF command. (Standard behaviour is thereby reactivated)

An external OFF command

No Influence: the OFF command is ignored by the CS. The CS continues to carry out the control as configured

Waiting for motion: Got to OFF state - go toState 5 and then to OFF state (state 7, Figure.5), motion detection active - waiting for motion

Disable sensor control: change to state 5 and then to OFF state (state 7, Figure. 5), the motion detection is deactivated until reactivated by an ON command. Enables: "Off Only ": if the CS should only send an off command after a manual on (simulate movement) after the hold time has expired

an external DIMMING command:

no influence: the DIMMING command is ignored by the CS. The CS continues to carry out the control as configured

External control: Constant light control and motion control are deactivated (the CS does not send any DALI commands) until they are reactivated by an OFF command.

Disable constant light control until end of sequence: constant light control is deactivated temporarily during Motion Detection Sequence (State 2). Automatic reactivation of constant light control after end of sequence

Change constant light control reference light level until end of sequence: the reference light level for constant light control is changed by dimming. If no dimming process is detected for 2 seconds, the current light value is adopted as the new setpoint for the constant light control. The new setpoint is only retained for the current movement detection sequence (as long as movement is detected).

Change constant light control reference light level: the reference light level for constant light control is changed by dimming. If no dimming process is detected for 2 seconds, the current light value is adopted as the new setpoint for the constant light control.

Variable Operating Behaviour -An external SCENE command

No action: the SCENE command is ignored by the CS

Reset to defaults: The CS is set to the basic configuration, all previously forced changes to the operating behaviour are terminated.

Alternative destinations: An alternative destination address (user defined) is used instead of the configured standard destination.

Alternative ON Command Light Level DAP: Instead of the currently configured DALI command, a user defined DAP value is used in state 2 (Motion Detection Sequence Figure. 5).

Alternative ON Command SCENE: Instead of the currently configured DALI command, a user defined Scene is used in state 2 (Motion Detection Sequence Figure. 5, page 12).

Alternative constant light control reference light level: Instead of the current reference value an alternative user defined light level is used

Disable Constant Light Control until end of sequence: constant light control is deactivated temporarily during Motion Detection Sequence (State 2). Automatic reactivation of constant light control once no more movement is detected.

external control: Constant light control and motion control are deactivated. The CS does not send any DALI commands.

Waiting for motion: Got to OFF state - go to State 5 and then to OFF state (State 7, Figure. 5) motion detection active - waiting for motion

Tab: "Light Control"

Depending on the selected operating mode:

Operating mode: Constant light control See Figure. 11. The tab "light control" contains the settings for constant light control (CLC) if

the Operating mode: "constant light control" was selected.

Operating mode: Light threshold control

See Figure. 10. If the Operating Mode: "Lightcontrolled" was selected the light sensor control functions as a threshold switch. A maximum of 4 thresholds can be defined. The defined DALI commands will be executed if the values are exceeded or fallen below of. 2 of the 4 available thresholds can also be used to send commands periodically. The commands are sent at a user-defined interval until the threshold condition is no longer met.

General Instances Effective Range		Display of the currently measured light values of the			
light sensor defined sensor input as a reference					
		Current Light Level 🌸 ———————————————————————————————————			
Liaht Control – Thresholds		Predefine the two following two thresholds as			
Threshold	Action:	hysteresis			
smaller ~ 0 Lux	None	Activate / deactivate the respective threshold			
□ Threshold	Action:				
smaller 🕤 🛛 Lux	None	Setting the threshold value, the DALI command and whether this should be carried out when the threshold is exceeded or fallen below of. (Threshold			
Sending Command repeatedly time between repetiti Set thresholds as hysteresis		(0 1020 lux, step size 4lux), hysteresis; is the			
Threshold	Action:				
greater ~ 8000 Lux	DOWN Fade rate [1] 358 ± ~	2 of the 4 threshold values can be sent with repetition, by choosing the time between repetitions			
Inreshold	Action:	greater than zero. (With 0h, 0min, 0sec no repetition			
smaller ~ 100 Lux	smaller 100 Lux UP is carried out). The respective commands are sent with the selected interval until the set condition is				
Variable Operating Behavior		no longer met. Application example: closing blinds when the incidence of light is too strong.			
Activation of variable operating	g behavior	when the medence of light is too strong.			
on Scene Command to san	ne destination address				
	fined "external control address"	Via scenes, alternative behaviour to the main			
Scene 0 V no action		 configuration can be activated (e.g. alternative detaination address) Different entires are purilely and activated and activated and activated and activated activated and activated activated			
Scene 1 v no action		 destination address). Different options are available depending on the operating mode, see page 24 			
Scene 2 v no action	Scene 2 v no action v depending on the operating mode - see page 24.				
Scene 3		~			

Figure. 10 Tab: "Light Control" - Operating Mode: without constant light control

General Instances Effective Range Synchronization Light Control	Display of the currently measured light values of the defined sensor input as a reference.
	Current Light Level
Constant Light Control (CLC)	Setting for constant light control (CLC)
Reference Light Level: 1000 Lux	desired setpoint (0 2040Lux, stepsize 8 Lux)
Variable Operating Behavior	
Activation of variable operating behavior On Scene Command to same destination address On Scene Command to defined "external control address" 	Via scenes, alternative behaviour to the main configuration can be activated (e.g. alternative destination address). Different
Scene 0 🛛 🗸 no action	options are available depending on the
Scene 1 🛛 🗠 no action	operating mode - see page 24.
Scene 2 🗸 no action	~
Scene 3 🛛 🗸 no action	~

Figure. 11 Tab: "Light Control" – Operating Mode : with constant light control

Light Control - Behaviour with external commands

The operating behaviour can be influenced by external commands (e.g. from a DALI-switch). In the Cockpit tab "Effective range", the behaviour of the sensor on ON- / OFF- and dimming commands, sent to the 4 configurable "external control addresses", can be defined.

Additionally, the operating behaviour of the sensor can be changed with scene commands, via the tab "Motion detection" -section: Variable Operating Behaviour.

The following settings are available:

Operating Mode 3 – constant light control

An external ON command

No influence: the ON command is ignored by the CS. The CS continues to carry out the control as configured

External control: the constant light control is deactivated. (the CS does not send any DALI commands), until reactivated by an external OFF command.

Enable constant light control: The constant light control is activated.

An external OFF command

No influence: the OFF command is ignored by the CS. . The CS continues to carry out the control as configured

Disable constant light control: The constant light control is deactivated.

an external DIMMING command:

No influence: the DIMMING command is ignored by the CS. The CS continues to carry out the control as configured

Disable constant light control temporarily: constant light control is deactivated until the next OFF command.

Change constant light control reference light temporary: the reference light level for constant light control is changed by dimming. If no further dimming process is detected for 2 seconds, the current light value is adopted as the new setpoint for the constant light control. The new setpoint is only retained until the next OFF command.

Change constant light control reference light level -general: the reference light level for constant light control is changed by dimming. If no dimming process is detected for 2 seconds, the current light value is adopted as the new setpoint for the constant light control.

Variable Operating Behaviour -An external SCENE command

No action: the SCENE command is ignored by the CS

Reset to Default: The CS is set to the basic configuration, all previously forced changes to the operating behaviour are terminated.

Alternative destinations: An alternative destination address (user defined) is used instead of the configured standard destination.

Alternative constant light control reference light level: Instead of the current reference value an alternative user defined light level is used

Enable constant light control: The constant light control is activated.

External Control: The constant light control is deactivated (the CS does not send any DALI commands).

Operating Mode 4 – light threshold control

Variable Operating Behaviour -An external SCENE command

No action: the SCENE command is ignored by the CS

Reset to Defaults: The CS is set to the basic configuration, all previously forced changes to the operating behaviour are terminated.

Alternative Destinations: An alternative destination address (user defined) is used instead of the configured standard destination.

External control: the light threshold control is deactivated (the CS does not send any DALI commands).

General Instances Effective Range Synchronization Light Control Temperature Humidity Pressure						
Current Temperature Level						
Temperature Control – Thre		Display the currently measured values of the sensor as a reference.				
Threshold smaller 0	Time Hysteresis: Action: C 0 Min. 0 Sec. None	Predefine the two following two thresholds as hysteresis				
Threshold smaller v 0	Time Hysteresis: Action: C 0 Min. 0 Sec. None	Activate / deactivate the respective threshold				
Sending Command repeate time between rep Set thresholds as hystere Threshold	etitions: 0 H. V 0 Min. V 0 Sec. V	Setting the threshold value, the DALI command and whether this should be carried out when the threshold is exceeded or fallen below of., hysteresis: is the difference between the two set thresholds.				
greater v 0	Time Hysteresis: Action:	2 of the 4 threshold values can be sent with repetition, by choosing the time between repetitions greater than zero. (With Oh, Omin, Osec no repetition is carried out). The respective commands are sent with the selected interval until the set condition is no longer met.				
1: All (DALI Broadcast) 2: none 3: none	~ ~ ~	Selection of the effective range for this specific sensor threshold control				
4: none	~					
1 Sensor Address 2 3	Instance Nr. Constant	Selection of DALI-2 CS THP AQ sensor modules that should supply sensor values for evaluation. Input of the address and the instance number of the respective sensor is required				
Sensor Evaluation Mod	e: Average 🛛 🧹 🚺					
Variable Operating Behavior Activation of variable operating behavior on Scene Command to same destination address on Scene Command to defined "external control address" Via scenes, alternative behaviour to the main						
Scene 0~no actionScene 0~no actionScene 0~no action	~	configuration can be activated (e.g. alternative destination address				
Scene 0 ~ no action no action Reset to der Alternative	aults destination addresses trol – disable sensor control					

Figure. 12 Tab: "Temperature"

Threshold control THP-AQ

For the sensor values temperature (T), humidity (H), air pressure (P) and air quality (Q), threshold values can be set in the respective tabs, regardless of the selected operating mode. See also Figure. 12, the temperature sensor is shown for reference, other sensor values allow equal configuration.

If the measured values exceeds or falls below the threshold, the selected DALI commands are sent to the effective range. A maximum of 4 thresholds can be set, 2 thresholds can be used to send commands cyclically. The commands are sent at a user-defined interval until the threshold condition is no longer met.

The effective range determines which addresses the threshold control is directed to. Additional sensors can be used as input for the threshold control; for this, the address of the additional sensor and the instance number must be specified.

Instances: General

Each instance can be configured individually. Some settings have the same functionality for all sensor instances and are therefore described in this section. Instance specific settings are explained for each individual instances in the following respective sections.

enable/disable

If instance event messages are not required, they can be deactivated. In this case, event messages are not sent, and the measured values are not updated. The instances can, however, still be queried via a "Query" command, and the DALI-2 configuration commands and queries are still supported.

Instance group

Up to three instance groups can be assigned for each instance. Only the "Primary Group" is used for the event.

Instance type

The instance type defines which DALI-2 standard is valid for this instance. (The different instance types are specified in the DALI-2 standard.)

Instance number

Each instance in a device has a unique instance number.

Device group

The device can be assigned to up to 32 device groups (0...31). The lowest device group is used for the event.

Device address

A device address (or short address) (0..63) can be assigned to each device. With this the device can be clearly addressed. (Identical short addresses should be avoided.)

Event Scheme

The event scheme determines which information is transferred with the event. This information is required, to enable recognition and / filtering of events on the bus. The following 5 options are available:

- Instance addressing:
 instance type and instance number
- Device Addressing: device address and instance type
- Device/Instance Addressing: device address and instance number
- Device Group Addressing: Device group and instance type
- Instance Group Addressing: Instance group and instance type

Event priority

The event priority determines the order in which events are sent when they occur simultaneously on the bus. Priority 2 = highest and 5 = lowest.

Dead Time

The dead time can be set for each instance. It determines the time that must pass before an event can be sent again. This also applies if the event information (measured value) changes. If no dead time is required, it can be deactivated.

Report Time

If the event information does not change, the event is sent cyclically with the report time. The report time can be set for each instance. It determines the maximum time between a sent event and resending.

Hysteresis

Not every change in value leads to an event being generated. The hysteresis can be used to set which percentage change is necessary to trigger a new transmission. Attention, the hysteresis band is not arranged symmetrically. The following applies: Increasing value:

The condition for an event is only fulfilled if the next value falls below the previous value minus the hysteresis or if the next value is greater than the previous value. Decreasing value:

the condition for an event is only fulfilled if the next value exceeds the previous value plus the hysteresis or the next value is smaller than the previous value.

Hysteresis Min

Is the minimal hysteresis value that cannot be fallen below of.

Instance 0: Motion

Is an instance standardized by DALI-2 for motion detection (62386-303). All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified.

The sensor switches between the following states:

- People in the room and movement (0xFF)
- People in the room and no movement (0xAA)
- Empty room (0x00)

If the sensor detects movement, it immediately changes to the state: "people in the room and movement". This state is exited after 1 second at the earliest if no further movement is detected. In this case it changes to the state "People in the room and no movement". After the hold time has expired it changes to the state "Empty room".

Hold Time: Is the time that must pass before the state "people in the room and no movement" is changed to the state "empty room". If movement is detected during this time the state is changed back to: "People in the room and movement".

Query Input Value: The current sensor state can be queried using this DALI command. The following values are possible: 0x00, 0xAA, 0xFF (see paragraph above for the possible states)

Event: the sensor status is transmitted by events. The following event information is available:

Bit0 = 0: No Movement Bit0 = 1: Movement Bit2/Bit1 = 00: Vacant Bit2/Bit1 = 10: Still Vacant Bit2/Bit1 = 01: Occupied Bit2/Bit1 = 11: Still Occupied Bit3 = 1: Movement Sensor Bit5..Bit9 = 0: unused More details can be found in the standard 62386-303.

Event filter: The event filter defines for which status change an event is generated. Filter arrangement:

Bit0: Occupied Event active Bit1: Vacant Event active Bit2: Still Vacant/Occupied Event active Bit3: Movement Event active Bit4: No Movement Event active Bit5..Bit7: unused

Instance 1: Light intensity

is an instance standardized by DALI-2 (62386-304). All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified.

The current light value (lux) is measured by the sensor and can either be queried using a "Query" command or can be automatically provided by the sensor using an event. The measuring range is 0Lux ... 2046Lux. The resolution differs between queries and generated events. A query supports a resolution of 1Lux (11Bit) and an event a resolution of 2Lux (10Bit). **Hysteresis:** see chapter "Instances General" – "Hysteresis" page 27.

Hysteresis Min: set in lux. For general information see chapter "*Instances General*" - *"Hysteresis Min"* page 27.

Event Filter: if the filter is deactivated, no events will be sent.

Instance 2: Temperature

is an instance standardized by DALI-2 (62386-103), instance type 0, generic. All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified. The current air temperature (°C) is measured by the sensor and can either be queried using a "Query" command or can be automatically provided by the sensor using an event. The measuring range is -20°C ... 80°C. The resolution for both query and event is 0.1°C (10Bit). The value 0dec corresponds to -20°C and the value 1000dec corresponds to 80°C.

Hysteresis: see chapter "Instances General" – "Hysteresis" page 27.

Hysteresis Min: set in °C. For general information see chapter "*Instances General*" - *"Hysteresis Min"* page 27.

Event Filter: if the filter is deactivated, no events will be sent.

Instance 3: Humidity

is an instance standardized by DALI-2 (62386-103), instance type 0, generic. All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified.

The current relative humidity (%) is measured by the sensor and can either be queried using a "Query" command or can be automatically

provided by the sensor using an event. The measuring range is 0% ... 100%. The resolution for both query and event is 0.1% (10Bit). The value 0dec corresponds to 0% and the value 1000dec corresponds to 100%

Hysteresis: see chapter "Instances General" – "Hysteresis" page 27.

Hysteresis Min: set in %. For general information see chapter "*Instances General*" - *"Hysteresis Min"* page 27.

Event Filter: if the filter is deactivated, no events will be sent.

Instance 4: air pressure

is an instance standardized by DALI-2 (62386-103), instance type 0, generic. All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified.

The current air pressure (hPa) is measured by the sensor and can either be queried using a "Query" command or can be automatically provided by the sensor using an event. The measuring range is 300hPa ... 1100hPa. The resolution for both query and event is 1hPa (10Bit). The value 0dec corresponds to 300hPa and the value 800dec corresponds to 1100hPa.

Hysteresis: see chapter "*Instances General"* – "*Hysteresis"* page 27.

Hysteresis Min: set in hPa. For general information see chapter "*Instances General*" - *"Hysteresis Min"* page 27.

Event Filter: if the filter is deactivated, no events will be sent.

Instance 5: air quality For Version: CS THP-AQ

is an instance standardized by DALI-2 (62386-103), instance type 0, generic. All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified. The sensor measures the air quality based on the proportion of existing air pollution. The air quality is shown as an index, ranging from 0 ... 500. Table 3 on page 13 describes the relationship between the index and air quality. Table 5 on page 14 describes the possible impact and suggested counter measures in case of poor air quality.

Hysteresis: see chapter "Instances General" – "Hysteresis" page 27.

Hysteresis Min: set as index. For general information see chapter "*Instances General*" - *"Hysteresis Min"* page 27.

Event Filter: if the filter is deactivated, no events will be sent.

Instance 6: eCO2 – CO2 equivalent Version: CS THP-AQ

is an instance standardized by DALI-2 (62386-103), instance type 0, generic. All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified.

The sensor measures the air quality based on the proportion of existing air pollution. From the measured value the CO2 equivalent can be calculated: eCO2 value, ranging from 0ppm ... 8000ppm. Table 4 on page 13 describes the relationship between the eCO2 value and air quality. Table 5 on page 14 describes the possible impact and suggested counter measures in case of poor air quality.

Hysteresis: see chapter "*Instances General"* – "*Hysteresis"* page 27.

Hysteresis Min: set as index. For general information see chapter "*Instances General*" - *"Hysteresis Min"* page 27.

Event Filter: if the filter is deactivated, no events will be sent.

DALI Cockpit tab: "Instances"

See Figure. 13, page 30 Depending on the version up to 6 instances are available:

DALI-2 CS THP:

- Instance 0, motion detection
- Instance 1, light intensity
- Instance 2, temperature
- Instance 3, humidity
- Instance 4, air pressure

DALI-2 CS THP-AQ

- Instance 0, motion detection
- Instance 1, light intensity
- Instance 2, temperature
- Instance 3, humidity
- Instance 4, air pressure
- Instance 5, air quality
- Instance 6, eCO2

General Instances Overview		Selection of the instance to be configured – according settings shown below
0 ~	Instance type: 3 - Occupancy sensor	Display of the instance type
Primary Group:	Group 1: Group 2: None V None	Activate / deactivate the selected instance
Event scheme:	Event priority:	Selection of groups
Event Filters	Timers Deadtime Report Hold	0.00 sSettings for the event scheme, priority, event filter and timer. more detailed descriptions under section "Instances General" or the respective instance.

Figure. 13 Cockpit tab Instances - settings for each instance

Example Query Sensor Values – generic Instances

The following examples show the evaluation of sensor values of the generic Lunatone instances based on the temperature instance. The same procedure also applies to air pressure, air quality, CO2 equivalent and humidity. For a technical description of all supported commands of the generic Lunatone instances see the detailed documentation <u>"Sensor Instance Manual"</u>.

Query and evaluation of Temperature value:

The temperature value is made up of the input value and the input value latch. The number of relevant bits is specified via the resolution:

Query Resolution \rightarrow answer: 0x0A 0x0A [hex] = 10 [dec]: the information is contained in 10 bits:

Query Input Value	\rightarrow	answer: 0x6C
Query Input Value Latch	\rightarrow	answer: 0x9B

0x6C = **0110 1100** 0x9B = **1001 1011**

→ 0110 1100 10 = 434 [dec]

For the DALI-2 CS THP temperature sensor the resolution is 0.1°C, the value range is: -20°C to + 80°C (this information can be found in the sensor datasheet, the table on page 32, but can also be queried from the device, see next example for more information)

→	$434*0.1^\circ C$	= 43.4°C

→ $43.4^{\circ}C - 20^{\circ}C = 23.4^{\circ}C$

More details on temperature value query and evaluation

Details on Querying:

A query (24bit DAL	I frame) cons	ists of:		
device address*2+1	device address*2+1 instancenr. query command code			

In this example we have a sensor with: DALI-2 address: A0² temperature instance: instancenr. 2

Query command codes:

QUERY VALUE MULTIPLICATOR	0x40
QUERY VALUE DIVISOR	0x41
QUERY OFFSET MSB	0x42
QUERY OFFSET LSB	0x43
QUERY OFFSET MULTIPLICATOR	0x44
QUERY OFFSET DIVISOR	0x45
QUERY UNIT	0x46
QUERY RESOLUTION	0x81

QUERY Resolution

device address*2+1	instancenr.	query command code
01	02	81

Queries can be sent from the DALI Cockpit > DALI Bus > DALI Commands..:

Bus Commands Com	imands Ov	er Time						
O DALI O	eDALI	DALI 24-bit	O DALI 32-	bit	⊖ DSI		Send Comr	nand(s)
Address:	Single A	ddress	~	(A0 ²)		\sim		
Instance:	Instance	Number	~	2		\sim		
ommand Group:	Instance	commands	~					
Command:	QUERY	RESOLUTION				~		
				send co	mmand twice			
			Fra	ame (hex):	01028	1		
Answer					01028 d every 500ms fo		ourposes	
Answer:			repea		d every 500ms fo		ourposes	
Answer:			repea	it comman	d every 500ms fo		ourposes	Cancel
	H	lex Data	repea	it comman	d every 500ms fo	r testing p	burposes	Cancel
Гуре			repea	it comman command t	d every 500ms fo	r testing p		Cancel
Type DALI24 Inst Qu	lery 0	1 02 81	Addres	at command t	d every 500ms fo b list	r testing p d SOLU		Cancel
Type DALI24 Inst Qu DALI8 Answer	uery 0 r 0.	1 02 81 A	Addres	it commani command t	d every 500ms fo o list Comman QUERY RE	r testing p d SOLU A)	TION	Cancel
Type DALI24 Inst Qu DALI8 Answer DALI24 Inst Qu	uery 0 r 0. uery 0	1 02 81 A 1 02 8C	Addres Add, iN2	it command command t	d every 500ms fo o list Comman QUERY RE = 10 (0x0/	d SOLU A) PUT V	TION	Cancel
Answer Type DALI24 Inst Qu DALI24 Inst Qu DALI24 Inst Qu DALI24 Inst Qu DALI24 Inst Qu	uery 0 r 0. uery 0 r 6	1 02 81 A 1 02 8C C	Addres Add, iN2	at command t	comman QUERY RE 10 (0x0A QUERY INI	d SOLU A) PUT V SC)	TION	

With the responses from the sensor, the calculation can be continued as in the first example.

Details on Evaluation:

Information on the resolution and value range is not only available from the data sheet but can also be queried:

The value is then made up as follows:

Value[upit] - Input Value.	ValueMultiplicator + Offset	OffsetMultiplicator
value[unit] – input value.	ValueDivisor	OffsetDivisor

The read unit value can be assigned from the following table:

Wert	Einheit
0	Thermodynamic temperature [K]
1	CO ₂ -eq (CO ₂ equivalent) [ppm]
12	Relative humidity [%]
15	Barometric pressure [hPa]
16	IAQ (Indoor Air Quality) [1]

These values and assignment of units are specific to Lunatone sensors

Туре	Hex Data	Address	Command
DALI24	01 02 40	A0, iN2	QUERY VALUE MULTIPLICATOR
DALI8 Answer	01		= 1 (0x01)
DALI24	01 02 41	A0, iN2	QUERY VALUE DIVISOR
DALI8 Answer	0A		= 10 (0x0A)
DALI24	01 02 42	A0, iN2	QUERY VALUE MSB
DALI8 Answer	62		= 98 (0x62)
DALI24	01 02 43	A0, iN2	QUERY VALUE LSB
DALI8 Answer	E3		= 227 (0xE3)
DALI24	01 02 44	A0, iN2	QUERY OFFSET MULTIPLICATOR
DALI8 Answer	01		= 1 (0x01)
DALI24	01 02 45	A0, iN2	QUERY OFFSET DIVISOR
DALI8 Answer	64		= 100 (0x64)
DALI24	01 02 46	A0, iN2	QUERY UNIT
DALI8 Answer	00		= 0 (0x00)

From the answers follows:

	[hex]	[dec]
Value Multiplicator	0x01	1
Value Divisor	0x0A	10
Offset MSB und LSB	0x62E3	25315
Offset Multiplicator	0x01	1
Offset Divisor	0x64	100
Unit	0x00	Kelvin

$$T[K] = InputValue \frac{1}{10} + 25315 \frac{1}{100}$$
$$= \frac{InputValue}{10} + 253.15$$
$$= \frac{434}{10} + 253.15 = 296.55 K$$

$$T[^{\circ}C] = T[K] - 273.15 = 23.4^{\circ}C$$

	Tempe	Temperature		Humidity		Pressure		AirQuality		eCO2	
	hex	dez	hex	dez	hex	dez	hex	dez	hex	dez	
Value Multiplicator	01	1	01	1	01	1	01	1	08	8	
Value Divisor	0A	10	0A	10	02	2	01	1	01	1	
Offset	62E3	25315	0000	0	0258	600	0000	0	0000	0	
Offset Multiplicator	01	1	01	1	01	1	01	1	01	1	
Offset Divisor	64	100	01	1	01	1	01	1	01	1	
Unit	00	0 (=Kelvin)	0C	12 (=%)	OF	15 (=hPa)	10	16 (=1)	01	1 (=ppm)	

Purchase Order Information

Standard Version

DALI-2 CS THP-AQ
Sensor module: motion and light intensity, temperature, humidity, air pressure, air quality, eCO2,
Art.Nr. 86457786-AQ-W16: traffic white (RAL9016), back box installation
Art.Nr. 86457786-AQ-W16-AP: traffic white (RAL9016), surface mounting
Art.Nr. 86457786-AQ-W16-ZD: traffic white (RAL9016), suspended ceiling (spring)

Office Version - for office applications: detection of small movement / seated people

DALI-2 CS THP-AQ, for office applications (detection of seated persons),

Sensor module: motion and light intensity, temperature, humidity, air pressure, air quality, eCO2,

Art.Nr. 86457786-AQ-O-W16: traffic white (RAL9016), back box installation

Art.Nr. 86457786-AQ-O-W16-AP: traffic white (RAL9016), surface mounting

Art.Nr. 86457786-AQ-O-W16-ZD: traffic white (RAL9016), suspended ceiling (spring)

Luminaire installation Version

DALI-2 CS THP-AQ for installation in luminaires, Sensor module: motion and light intensity, temperature, humidity, air pressure, air quality, eCO2 Art.Nr. 86457786-AQ-LE: black, luminaire installation

Art.Nr. 86457786-AQ-LE-W16: traffic white (RAL9016), luminaire installation

Version DALI-2 CS THP-AQ Integration

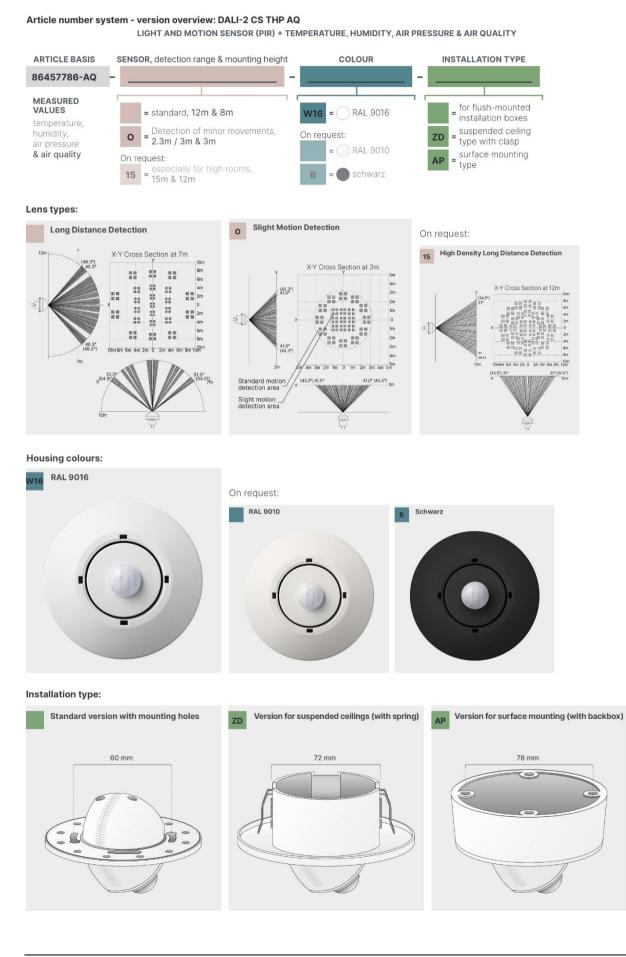
https://www.lunatone.com/en/product/dali-2-cs-integration-thp-ag/

Version DALI-2 CS- motion and light

www.lunatone.com/en/product/dali-2-cs/

Version DALI-2 CS Integration – motion and light sensor

www.lunatone.com/en/product/dali-2-cs-integration/



Additional Information and Equipment

DALI-Cockpit – free configuration tool from Lunatone for DALI systems <u>https://www.lunatone.com/en/product/dalicockpit/</u>

Lunatone sensor instance manual https://www.lunatone.com/wpcontent/uploads/2022/11/Lunatone DALI-2 Sensor Instances EN M0026.pdf

Instance guide

https://www.lunatone.com/wpcontent/uploads/2021/10/DALI-2_Instance-Guide_EN_M0024.pdf

Lunatone DALI products http://www.lunatone.at/en/

Lunatone datasheets and manuals http://lunatone.at/en/downloads/

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www.lunatone.com



Disclaimer

Subject to change. Information provided without guarantee. The datasheet refers to the current delivery.

The function in installations with other devices must be tested for compatibility in advance.